

# Beyond-mean-field calculations of transfermium nuclei

Benjamin Bally

in collaboration with M. Bender

Colloque GANIL - 29/09/2021



# Need for beyond-mean-field (BMF) calculations

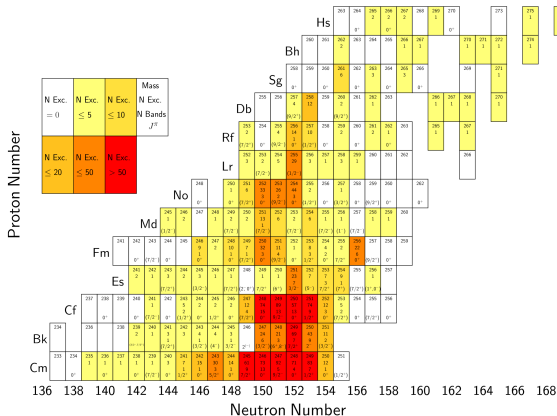
- Great experimental progress

- ◇ Spectroscopy possible
- ◇ New facilities



- Need to improve the theory!

- ◇ Effective interactions
- ◇ **BMF calculations** → correlations



Theisen *et al.*, NPA 944, 388 (2015)

- Electromagnetic moments ( $^{253}\text{No}$ ) and differential charge radii

Raeder *et al.*, PRL 120, 232503 (2018)

- Study of isomers for  $^{254,255,256}\text{No}$

→ talks by M. Forge and K. Kessaci

- Variational method:  $\delta \frac{\langle \Theta | H_{\text{phen}} | \Theta \rangle}{\langle \Theta | \Theta \rangle} = 0$

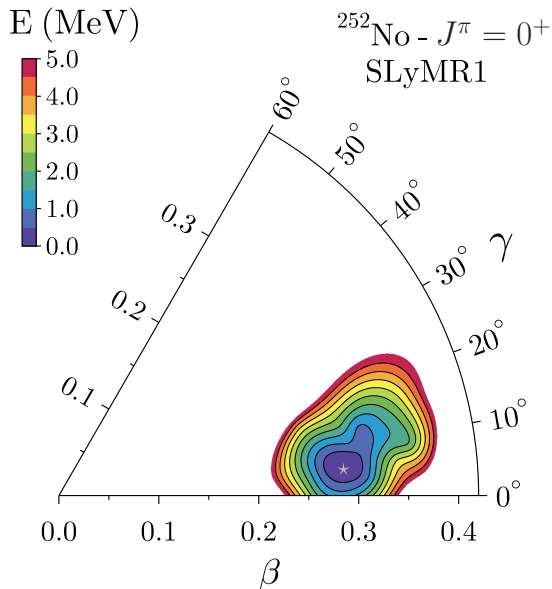
- Variational method:  $\delta \frac{\langle \Theta | H_{\text{phen}} | \Theta \rangle}{\langle \Theta | \Theta \rangle} = 0$
- Mean-field step: minimization under constraints  $\rightarrow \{|\Phi_i\rangle\}$   
example of constraints: deformation  $(\beta, \gamma)$ , rotational frequency  $(\omega)$ , ...

- Variational method:  $\delta \frac{\langle \Theta | H_{\text{phen}} | \Theta \rangle}{\langle \Theta | \Theta \rangle} = 0$
- Mean-field step: minimization under constraints  $\rightarrow \{|\Phi_i\rangle\}$   
example of constraints: deformation  $(\beta, \gamma)$ , rotational frequency  $(\omega)$ , ...
- **Beyond-mean-field step**: minimization for  $|\Psi\rangle = \sum_{iK} f_{iK} P_{MK}^J P^N P^Z |\Phi_i\rangle$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Projected Generator Coordinate Method (PGCM)

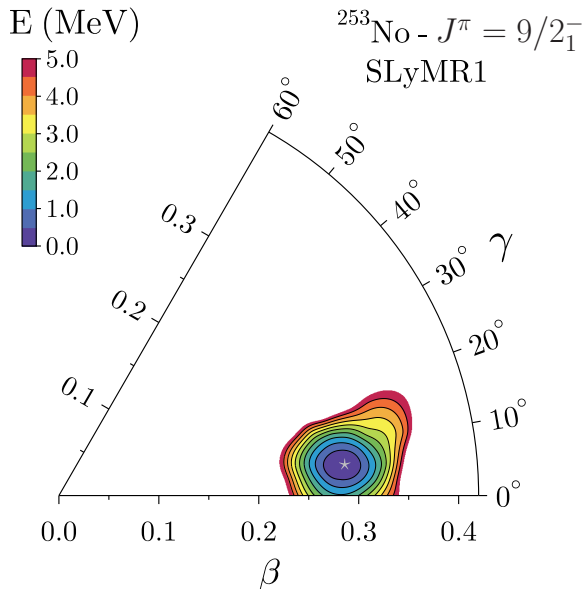
- Variational method:  $\delta \frac{\langle \Theta | H_{\text{phen}} | \Theta \rangle}{\langle \Theta | \Theta \rangle} = 0$
- Mean-field step: minimization under constraints  $\rightarrow \{|\Phi_i\rangle\}$   
example of constraints: deformation  $(\beta, \gamma)$ , rotational frequency  $(\omega)$ , ...
- **Beyond-mean-field step**: minimization for  $|\Psi\rangle = \sum_{iK} f_{iK} P_{MK}^J P^N P^Z |\Phi_i\rangle$   
 $\Rightarrow$  Projected Generator Coordinate Method (PGCM)

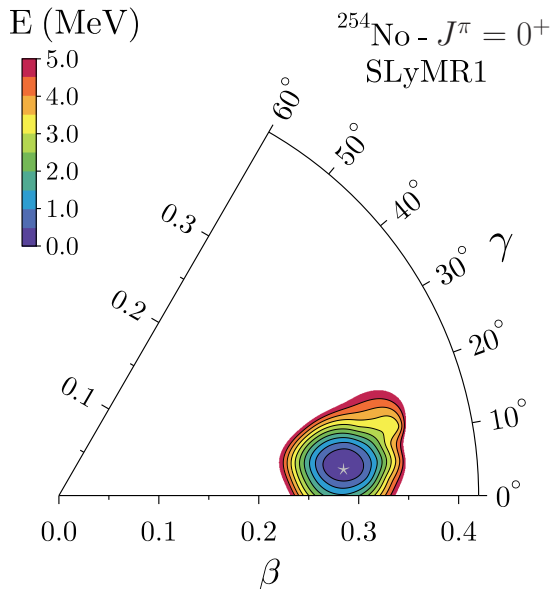
## Advantages (of our implementation)

- Beyond-mean-field correlations
- Good quantum numbers  $(JM, N, Z, P)$
- No-core calculations
- Triaxial deformations  $(\beta, \gamma)$
- Cranking  $(\omega)$
- Skyrme parametrization: SLyMR1









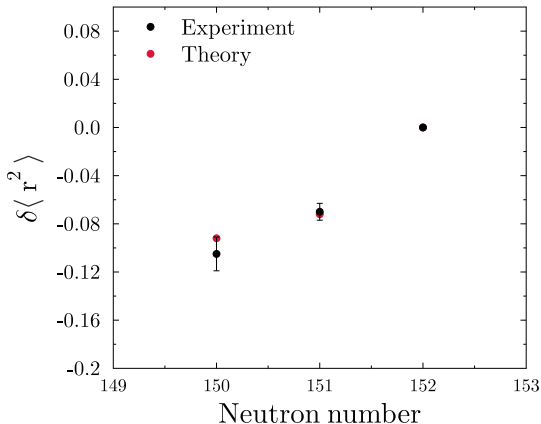
	$J^\pi$	$E$ (MeV)	$Q_s$ (eb)	$\mu$ ( $\mu_N$ )
Experiment	$9/2^-$	-1877.885(7)	+5.9(1.4)(0.9)	-0.527(33)(75)
PGCM-SLyMR1	$9/2^-$	-1871.415	+7.0	-0.96

Raeder *et al.*, PRL 120, 232503 (2018)  
AME2020, CPC 45, 030002 (2021)

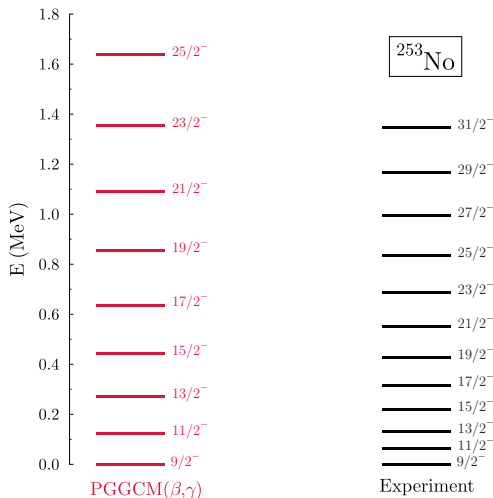
- ◇ PGCM( $\beta, \gamma$ ) with 15 states
- ◇ Good agreement (except the magnetic moment)

- Measurement of  $\delta\langle r^2 \rangle$  with respect to  $^{254}\text{No}$

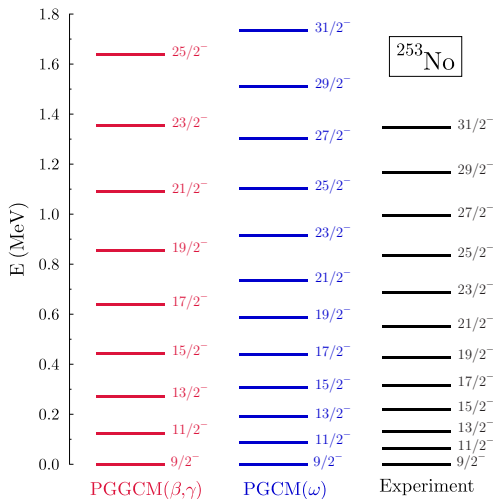
Raeder *et al.*, PRL 120, 232503 (2018)



◇ PGCM( $\beta, \gamma$ ) with 15 states



- ◇ Cranking:  $\delta\langle\Phi|H_{\text{phen}} - \omega J_x|\Phi\rangle \longrightarrow \text{PGCM}(\omega)$  with 7 states



- Application of the PGCM method to very heavy nuclei
  - ◊ Spin-parity of low-lying states
  - ◊ Electromagnetic moments and transitions
  - ◊ Rotational bands
  - ◊ Isomers (e.g. for  $^{254}\text{No}$ )
  
- Objectives
  - ◊ Calculations of  $^{252,253,254,255}\text{No}$
  - ◊ PGCM( $\beta, \gamma, \omega$ ) → 1-2M CPU hours/nucleus



T. R. Rodríguez  
A. Sánchez-Fernández  
J. Martínez-Larraz Torra  
L. Robledo  
A. Poves



J. M. Yao  
R. Wirth  
H. Hergert



T. Duguet  
M. Frosini  
V. Somà  
J.-P. Ebran  
Y. Beaujeault-Taudière



A. Márquez Romero  
J. Engel



M. Bender  
K. Bennaceur  
J. Meyer



P.-H. Heenen  
W. Ryssens



TECHNISCHE  
UNIVERSITÄT  
DARMSTADT

A. Tichai



